Japan and as per the conditions of the Fund the contract has to be in Yen only. The total value of the order as on 19 July 1985, when the contract was signed, was 22.704 billion Yen, equivalent to US Dollars 95.37 Million or Rs. 114.55 Crores.

(c) Yes, Sir, consequent to appreciation of Yen, the total value of the contract as of now is about Rs. 139.58 crores. It may however be mentioned that for the supplies of line pipes, Gas Authority of India remits the money in Rupees to the Government of India (through the State Bank of India, New Delhi). The repayment of the Yen credit by the Government of India to the OECF is spread over a period of 30 years, including 10 years' grace period, hence the actual amount to be repaid will depend upon the exchange value of Yen over this entire period.

New industrial units in backward areas

771. SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the companies which have received subsidy for setting up new industrial units in the selected backward areas during 1983-84, 1984-85 and so far in 1985-86;

(b) what has been the amount of subsidy given to each of these units individually;

(c) what has been the employment of local population in these units;

(d) how many ancillary units have come up in the backward region which are ancilliaries to the subsidised new industrial undertakings; and

(e) what are the benefits which have accrued to the backward areas from the setting up of these new industrial units?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) to (e) A statement indicating the type of industries eligible for Central Investment Subsidy is given in Statement. The Central subsidy is disbursed to the individual industrial units through State Governments/Financial Institutions. Information about the disbursement of Central subsidy unit-wise, employment of local population in such units and number of ancilliary units is not maintained centrally.

During the years 1983-84, 1984-85 and 1985-86 upto 31-1-1986 the following amounts have been reimbursed to States/Union Territory Administrations under the Subsidy Scheme:—

1983-84	Rs. 51.93 crores
1984-85	Rs. 82.03 crores
1985-86 (upto 31-1-1986)	Rs. 80.91 crores

Benefits like grant of Central subsidy, concessional finance, priority in grant of industrial licences, exemption from income tax etc. have encouraged the entrepreneurs to set up industries in backward areas providing avenues of employment for the local population.

Statement

Industries eligible for Central Investment Subsidy

1. Industries listed in the first schedule of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 as amended from time to time.

2. Industries falling within the purview of the following Boards/Agencies:—

(i) Small Scale Industries Board

(ii) Coir Board

(iii) Silk Board

(iv) All India Handicrafts Board

(v) All India Handloom Board

(vi) Any other agency constituted by Government for Industrial Development.

3. (i) Poultry and all agro-Industries. Capital expenditure on land, building and equipment alone will be eligible

(ii) Hybrid Seeds

(iii) Mining

(iv) Cold Storages

(v) Hotels

(vi) Service industries of the type of general workshops including repair workshops. No other service industries are eligible for subsidy.

(vii) Dry-cleaning by mechanical process.

(viii) Small Scale Service Establishments.

Consumption of gas, petrol and diesel

772. DR. SHYAM SUNDAR MOHAPATRA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the consumption of petroleum, diesel and gas has increased in the country during the last two years; and

(b) whether the consumption has any correlation with cars and scooters being manufactured in abundance?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR SINGH): (a) and (b) Yes, sir.

Coal belt found in Bihar

773. SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR SAHU: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether a huge coal belt has been found recently in Bihar;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) the probable quantity of coal in this belt;

(d) whether Government have also made any survey to find coal in areas of Orissa; and

(e) if so, what are these areas?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE): (a) to (c) Geological Survey of India has reported that a borehole in Brahmani coalfield of Dumka District has intersected a very thick coal seam having cumulative thickness of 62.26 metres within the depth range between 7.56 metres and 129.45 metres. Partings within this zone range from 0.5 metres to 7.5 metres. Exploration is still in progress and assessment therefor is not complete.

(d) and (e) During the field season of 1985-86, Geological Survey of India has been engaged in regional exploration for coal in the Hingir basin of Ib-river coalfield in Sambalpur district and in Talcher Coalfields in Dhankanal district.

Production of crude oil

774. SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR SAHU: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) the quantity of crude oil proposed to be produced during the year 1986-87 as per Government decision taken recently;

(b) what amount is expected to be spent for this purpose; and

(c) the names of projects which have started production of crude oil?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI CHANDRA SHEKHAR SINGH): (a) 30 million tonnes.

(b) Approximately Rs. 2450 crores.

(c) Crude oil is being commercially produced in Gujarat, Assam, Arunachal Pradesh and Bombay offshore.